

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1785.

German Redemptioners,

Just arrived in the Ship *Friend George*, John Olhoff, Master, from Amsterdam. For terms apply to
T. WALLACE & J. DONALDSON, jun.
Philad. Feb. 24, 1785.

Doctor FELIX LYNN,

INFORMS the Public in general and his Friends in particular, that he intends removing from the place in Upper Saxon, where he now lives, the 22d of March next, to his plantation, in Lower Saxon, on the great road from Philadelphia to Bethlehem, eight miles from Allen-Town, and two from Bethlehem (late James Cruckshank's place) where he will carry on his business as usual.

He renders great thanks to his former customers, and begs the public to honor him with their custom in future.

He likewise requests all those who are indebted to him, by bonds, notes or otherwise, to come, on or before the 21st of March next, and settle the same, to prevent trouble.

N. B. John Green continues to keep Store at my old place, in Upper Saxon, where he has for sale, dry and wet Goods, at the most reasonable terms. † 6 w Feb. 25, 1785.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the premises, the Seventeenth of March next, at 10 o'clock in the morning,

A LOT of GROUND, containing 40 feet front, in Market-street, and in depth 180 feet, situate in the town of Camden, near William Cooper's ferry, in Gloucester county, West-Jersey, with a convenient frame house, two rooms on a floor, and an entry.

ALSO, a large Water LOT, bounded by Delaware, and fronting on King-street, opposite Chestnut-street, with a convenient tan-yard, bark-house and curriers-shop; a stack of bark, tanners and curriers tools, a riding chair, desk, cases of drawers, beds and bedding; with a variety of household and kitchen furniture. Attendance will be given, and the conditions made known, at the time and place of sale, by
Feb. 25, 1785, † BARZILLAI LIPPINCOTT.

Will be SOLD by public Vendue,

Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of WILLIAM WILEY, deceased, on the 25th day of March next,

THAT valuable PLANTATION or Tract of LAND whereon he dwelt, situate in Kennet township, Chester county, and State of Pennsylvania, near the New-Castle county line; containing about 200 acres of land, including about 20 acres of good meadow, chiefly water bank; a considerable quantity more may be made, there being great conveniences of water and bottom ground. There is on said place a large proportion of woodland of the best kind of timber. The plough land is of the first quality for raising winter and summer grain or pasture, there being plenty of water in every division. The buildings are a frame dwelling-house, suitable for a large family, a good spring and house over it, a large frame barn, stable and other out-houses. There are also on said place two good orchards, with a great variety of fruit, common to the climate.

Said plantation is 9 miles from Wilmington, and 31 from Philadelphia, it lies contiguous to meeting-houses of various denominations, convenient to several schools, and nearly in sight of three grist and saw-mills. Any person inclining to purchase said plantation, may apply to the subscribers before the day of sale on the premises, where attendance will be given, and the conditions made known, by
JOSHUA WILEY,) Executors.
CALEB WILEY,)

N. B. At the same time and place will be sold, a Crop of Wheat and Rye in the ground, and a number of other articles.

To be SOLD by public Auction,

On Fourth Day, the 23d of the Third Month, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the COFFEE HOUSE,

FOUR Lots of LAND, being part of the estate formerly adjoining to Peel-Hall, fronting on a 20 feet lane, leading from the Wissahickon road, distant about two miles from the city. The situation is high and pleasant. The terms of payment are to be one third in hand, and the other two thirds in six months from the day of sale, with interest.

The lots contain about seven acres each, agreeable to a plan at the Coffee-House, or at the houses of the subscribers.

Second Month 26, 1784. † JAMES BRINGHURST,
RICHARD WELLS,
JOHN FIELD.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the premises, on THURSDAY, the 24th instant, if not not sold before at private sale,

THAT valuable PLANTATION, in West Cain, Chester county, where JOHN JACK, deceased, lately lived, containing 150 acres of good land, about 60 acres thereof cleared, the remainder well timbered, a good meadow that produces hay sufficient for a farm stock, and more may be easily made and watered by the west branch of Brandywine; there are on the premises, a large two story stone house, with rooms and fire-places, &c. and cellars under the whole, with barn, stables, a good spring near the door and house over it, a large bearing orchard and good potted garden, all in good order, convenient to mills and places of worship. A good title, and possession to the purchaser, the 10th of April next, will be given, by WILLIAM CLINGAN, Executor, near the sign of the Waggon, on Lancaster road.
March 1, 1785. †

Wilmington, February 12, 1785.

WAS taken up at the Ferry in this Borough, on Monday, the 7th inst. a dark chestnut sorrel coloured HORSE, about fourteen and an half hands high, the off hind foot white, has a small star on his forehead. Whoever has lost said horse is desired to apply to the subscriber, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.
ISAAC LAURENCE.

Philadelphia February 21, 1785.

FIVE SHILLINGS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 18th inst. an apprentice LAD, named FREDERICK HOUCK, about 13 years of age, had on when he went away, an old hat, a dark coloured coat, almost new, an old corduroy jacket, plush breeches, blue yarn stockings, shoes half worn. Whoever takes up said apprentice, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward. † WILLIAM TROTTER.

COMMISSIONER'S-OFFICE, MARINE DEPARTMENT,

Philadelphia, Feb. 24, 1785.

IN obedience to a resolution of the United States in Congress assembled, passed at Annapolis the third of June last, I purpose shortly to go to Boston, in order to adjust the Marine accounts in the eastern district: I therefore request that all persons who have accounts to settle with this department in this place, may be speedy in their applications at this office, the North-east corner of Market and Fifth-streets.

JOSEPH PENNELL, Commissioner for settling the accounts of the Marine department.

TO BE SOLD,

By way of PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 16th day of March next, THAT Valuable TRACT of LAND, late the property of WILLIAM DEHAVEN, deceased, of Whitpain township, Montgomery county, State of Pennsylvania, containing 72 acres and 64 perches; whereon is a good dwelling-house, barn, and spring-house, over a never failing spring near the door, and about 23 acres of good woodland, 15 acres of meadow, well watered, and more may be made by turning the water over the banks; a good bearing orchard, the remainder plough-land, well manured with lime and dung. This excellent piece of Land lies about 18 miles from Philadelphia, on Skippack road, and near to several places of worship, and several mills. An indisputable title and possession may be had the 1st of April next.
Feb. 23, 1785. SAMUEL DEHAVEN,) Executors.
ABRAHAM DEHAVEN,)

TO BE SOLD,

The following WHARFF, STORE-HOUSE, HOUSES and LOTS, in the Borough of Wilmington, New-Castle county, Delaware State.

A WHARFF, and BRICK-STORE, on a Lot of 50 feet front, the south side of Water-street (along King-street Dock) also another Water Lot, containing 40 feet front, joining the aforesaid Wharff and Store; they are partly in the centre of the town. The situation answers every kind of business; and as there are a number of buildings carrying on in the said borough and neighbourhood, they would suit for a Lumber-Yard to advantage.

A Brick-house and Kitchen, a Store-house joining, a Stable, that holds four horses, a Chair-house, a loft over the Stable and Chair-house, that will contain 5 or 6 tons of Hay. The said Messuages are on Market and Third-streets, containing on Market-street, forty nine and an half feet, and on Third-street, one hundred and thirty-two feet, opposite the noted Tavern of Capt. O'Flinn; it lays between the two Market-houses; the convenience would suit a private gentleman's family, or an excellent stand for public business. If the same are not sold by private sale by the 1st of May, they will be sold in Lots, at public vendue, the 10th of May. Terms will be made easy to the purchasers; on paying one half of the purchase money, time will be given for the residue on interest, giving security. Apply in the said Borough to
DAVID BUSH.

To be SOLD by the Subscribers,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate on Canadoguin creek, about two miles from the borough of Carlisle; it contains about 450 acres, 200 of which are cleared, including 10 acres of meadow, the remainder is well timbered; there are on the premises, a small stone dwelling-house, a log-house and kitchen, a large frame barn, good log stable, stone smoke-house, two dwelling-houses, convenient for tenants, good garden, and an orchard containing about 150 apple trees. An undoubted title will be given. For terms of sale, apply to
Carlisle, Feb. 17, 1785. † CATHARINE THOMPSON,
ROBERT MAGAW,
GEORGE THOMPSON,
ROBERT THOMPSON.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Union township, Berks county, adjoining on the south side the river Schuylkill, nine miles below Reading town, and one from Burdborough iron-works; containing 295 acres of land, 120 whereof is cleared, 14 acres of which is good meadow, and as much more may be made at a small expence; the land all fresh, lying exceeding well for cultivation, and capable of great improvement, being well watered by several springs and streams running through said plantation; whereon are a good bearing orchard of the best kind of fruit, a convenient dwelling-house, with a well of water at the door, a good barn and stables, with other out-houses.

Likewise an ISLAND, in Schuylkill, opposite said plantation, containing five acres, now abounding with valuable timber, such as ash, walnut, sugar maple, &c. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living in Middletown township, Chester county, three miles from Chester.
March 1. † CALEB HARRISON.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, at the south-east corner of Sixth and Vine-streets, in this city, containing 19 feet front on Vine-street, and 95 feet on Sixth-street; bounded on the south by a 13 feet alley, extending from Sixth-street eastward.

Also a LOT, 18 feet front and 79 feet deep, and then narrowing to the breadth of 15 feet, and continuing that breadth 20 feet in depth; bounded on the west by Sixth-street aforesaid, and on the north by the said 13 feet alley; being part of the real estate of Dr. Cadwalader Evans, deceased. For terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, in Fourth-street, near Race-street.
Philad. Feb. 22, 1785. † 5 w. ROWLAND EVANS.

Bart township, Lancaster county, Feb. 17, 1785.

WHEREAS AGNES M'READY, the wife of the subscriber, of Bart township, in the county of Lancaster, hath upon the infamous advice and interference of pretended friends eloped from him, and now resides with her father Hugh Colter, of said township. This is therefore to give NOTICE to all persons whatsoever, that I will pay no debt of her contracting, nor will allow any person indebted to me to pay the same to her. The subscriber has taken this public method to prevent those pretended friends or others from lending her money, which he is convinced they would not be induced to do from any other motives than to oppress him, and increase the animosity that now subsists, occasioned by their interference and advice.
DANIEL M'READY.

Books & Stationary,

A general ASSORTMENT, just imported in the last Vessels from LONDON, and to be SOLD on the most reasonable TERMS, by

William and David Hall,

At the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, in Market-street,

ANDREWS'S REMARKS on English and French Ladies,

Art of Speaking,

Bartlett's Farriery, Blackstone's Commentaries,

Chefelden's Anatomy, Cecilia,

Complete Housewife and Confectioner, Complete English Cook,

Complete Horse Doctor,

Common Prayer Books, Croxall's Zeph. Cunn's Euclid,

Douglafs on the Mufcles, Dilworth's Affiant, Dodley's Zeph,

Edinburgh Medical Effays,

Endfield's Speaker and Exercises,

Elliot's Philosophy, Every Patient his own Doctor, Every Man

his own Physician,

Fisher's Companion,

Fool of Quality,

Ferguson's Lectures,

Gay's Fables,

Gibbons's Roman Empire, Gilbert's Law of Evidence,

Gordon's Companion,

Guthrie's Grammar,

Glais's Cookery,

Hawney's Meafurer, Hill's Arithmetic,

Knox's Effays, Leyburn's Guide,

Musical Miscellany,

Mair's Book-keeping,

Martin's Philosophy,

Ditto's young Gentlemen's and

Ladies Philosophy,

New Annual Register for 1780,

1781, and 1784,

Nicholson's Philosophy,

Perrin's Grammar, Exercises,

Pronunciation, Fables, Let-

ters and Elements,

Count Moraux M. le Sage,

Ditto de Shakespeare,

Pope's Works,

Pringle's Discourses,

Preceptor,

Quincey's Dispensatory,

Rambler,

Raynal's Indies,

Reid on Consumptions,

London, Gentleman's, and Town and Country MAGAZINES,

for the Years 1775, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781 and

1782, in Sets.

The Ladies MAGAZINES from January to August, 1784.

Universal, Westminster and Town and Country MAGAZINES,

from March to August 1784.

Philadelphia, Second Month 22d, 1785.

MARSH MEADOW.

TO BE SOLD, for CASH or BANK STOCK,

ABOUT FIVE acres of MEADOW, on GREENWICH

ISLAND, about 3 miles from the city, adjoining ground

of Richard Price, ----- Sickell, John Sprigle and Christian

Grover; on which is a good barn. For terms apply to THOMAS

HARRISON, Taylor, in Strawberry-Alley. †

Gloucester, February 26, 1785.

WAS committed to my custody, the 12th of this instant,

a certain PETER CARTER, who says he is an indent-

ed servant to Isaiah Jobs, near Hycies-town, Middlesex county,

East New Jersey. His master is desired to come, pay charges and

take him away; or he will be sold for expences the 15th day of

March next. † ISAAC LEONARD, Goalor.

Messrs. HALL & SELLERS.

ALTHOUGH I am as much a friend to the test law as Argos himself, and should long ago have manifested my zeal in its behalf, had not your paper been so engrossed by writers on the funding bill that there has scarcely been room to say a word in favor of that most salutary law, which I consider not only as a necessary safe-guard, but the greatest ornament of our state, and which, in my opinion, has the same happy effects as a well disposed patch on a beauty, by increasing its admirers. It is true there are some novices so tasteless as to think a good face, no more than a good government, requires any of those extra aids to set off its charms---but I beg pardon of these admirers of native simplicity, who I suppose would be for chipping us down to a state of nature itself, merely for the novelty of the scene, which I am sure would neither suit the purity of our morals---the gravity of our manners---or the austerity of our politics. I grant that a patch may be so large as to be mistaken for a plaister---and a test too small to keep half the trimmers out of office---so that we might as well have no test at all, which seems may appertain to be the case at present; and how it escaped the exploring eye of Argos I cannot account, unless it was owing to the rapidity of his march after the mischievous author of "Considerations on the Test Law." However, as it must be confessed he has fairly run him on shore, I will forgive the omission, provided he will ply his pen in support of the amendment I am going to suggest.---The test, in its present form, is a very full and proper renunciation of allegiance to George III. or any future King of Great Britain, which, as I have already observed, was certainly very proper during the war with England---but as that is over, George III. is no more to us than Frederick III. and much less, in my opinion, than the aspiring Joseph, Emperor of Germany, who we see has already shown a sneaking attachment to our republican sister of Holland; and as Princes are often whimsical in their amours, perhaps he may become enamoured with our young American republic, as well as with that old European one. Should this be the case, how easy would it be for that enterprising monarch to effect his wishes, by the transportation of a handful of his trusty legions in the unsuspected garb of German peasants, who, being presently admitted to vote for Representatives, would, in spite of all our endeavours to the contrary, turn the election in favor of a foreign master.---I am startled at the thought.---Who knows, my countrymen, but those ship loads of Austrians that have arrived within the last twelve months were designed for this very purpose. Remember the fate of Troy. Those floating castles may be as fatal to us, as the wooden horse was to Ilium of old; and what renders it still more alarming, those strangers, instead of being obstructed in their route through the German territories, as was formerly the case---I say, instead of having hostile discouragements thrown in their way, they were assisted in their march through the Emperor's dominions, where they received particular marks of Joseph's favor and approbation.---What a prescience are we upon. It makes me shudder to look down it. Who can tell what may be the fate of poor Pennsylvania at the next election. Perhaps we may be all Austrian---or all Prussian property.

But it is not from Joseph alone (these modern Josephs, what dangerous men) we have reason to be apprehensive. The test, in its present liberal form, opens a door for still greater evils. You all no doubt have heard, that soon after the passing of the last test law of Pennsylvania, several cabinet councils were held at St. James's, the result of which was, to conclude a peace with America as soon as possible, and afford us through the avenues which that act presented; for which purpose the second son of George III. (a Prince of the most promising abilities of all the Georgian line,---and a Bishop into the bargain) passed silently over to his father's Hanoverian dominions, where he has been busily engaged ever since. Perhaps by this time, the plan for possessing themselves of Pennsylvania is ripe for execution.---For if two fifths---but I should suppose three fifths, of her native inhabitants are debarr'd from voting for Representatives in Assembly, that will be the door through which the Hanoverian line must pass, to regain the possession of this country. But pray don't run away with the notion that I even wish a repeal of the test law, and so admit the natural born subjects of our realm to their right of voting.---It is no such thing I assure you.---It would let in a torrent that would shake the official foundation of many a modern patriot, and thus quickly derange the whole system of our political economy.---A revision of the law would answer every purpose of securing us from a foreign yoke---for as to a domestic one, we are in so little danger of that, it would be the height of folly even to surmise it.

There are a certain class of enthusiasts, and the author of the "Considerations," &c. seems to be one of them, who imagine all men by nature equally entitled to liberty, the fairest gift of Heaven, which indeed, as the unalienable inheritance of the "human race divine," designed for all, ought to be enjoyed by all. It was upon these principles, or others equally antiquated and absurd, the revolution was commenced, which shews how little he understands of the modern science of government. Who would give a rush for such legislators?---But to my amendment, gentlemen. Smit with the charms of our enchanting test---so truly urbanic, that it denies to two fifths (at least) of the natives of the land, those favors which are freely dispensed to all besides---yet to part with thee, wanton as thou art, would go near to annihilate the representative virtue of the state. Begone then, thou inconsiderate "Considerer of the Test Law."---It cannot, shall not be.---But to set some bounds to the unbounded kindness of that benign and generous law to foreigners and foes, may well be worth the attention of those who hold the helm;---for whilst the door is flung open far and wide to all these, it will little avail to bar it against the natives of the land.---Fellow citizens, I cannot call them, because they have been dilapidated down below the stature of slaves.

Rome, the mother of republics and proud mistress of the ancient world, was overwhelmed by an inundation from the northern hive. Let us then, ere it is too late, close every crevice by which royalty, whether English, Austrian or Hanoverian, may dart its rays amongst us---for as to his Most Christian Majesty, his disinterested assistance in the hour of our distress, added to his generous love of liberty, are an ample guarantee from that quarter.

What then shall secure to us the ripening fruits of the glorious revolution, so effectually as a well constructed test-law---the mistress of which shall be so fine that not a royal mince---nor even a republican mouse---shall ever nibble again the cheese of the commonwealth.

PISCATOR.

Messrs. HALL & SELLERS.

THE reports that the House of Assembly are likely to postpone the Funding Bill, until they shall know the sense of the people by a new election, reflects great honor on that body, and will be a convincing proof to the world of their being free from the influence of private interest. It is well known that many of the members are possessed of public securities, and they have too great a respect for their characters to permit them to suffer by such insinuations as would be urged by malevolence, if they proceeded to pass the act. I mean to include the Land Bill, which is the principal source of our wealth, and, if well managed, will pay off great part of our debt, without a single further tax on the people. The next election will afford an opportunity

of knowing the opinions of their constituents. Those who have voted for the bill in the present House may safely pass it into a law, if they should be re-elected. To do it before, would be the height of imprudence and indelicacy. Petitions against it are circulating in all parts of the state, but they require time to be completed, and the Assembly act very properly in determining to wait until the next year.

PROCRASTINATOR.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 23.

The ship *Almie*, Captain Haistie, long expected from Glasgow, has, at last, after a tedious passage, reached Charleston, South-Carolina; there were at first 500 persons embarked at Greenock, for this port, but on the vessel's putting back to refit, after damages sustained at sea, many quitted her, and only 340 passengers arrived at Carolina. The ship is shortly expected here.

Last Saturday arrived the ship *President*, Capt. Williamson, in nine weeks from Liverpool; she brought no other intelligence, than a report that the Emperor of Germany had accepted the mediation of the several conciliating powers, who had been interested in accommodating the differences subsisting between his Imperial Majesty and the United States of Holland. Should such interference prevail, a general war in Europe will be happily prevented.

European accounts say, that there is a probability of a rupture between the Emperor of Germany and the Grand Sultan. The cause of this is, the Emperor having demanded of the Sultan to concur with him in fixing precisely the boundaries of the two Empires; and in his proposals on this subject, has claimed several districts now in possession of the Turks, and which the Sultan refuses to deliver up. The Court of France has offered her mediation between these powers.

Married on the 26th of October last, at Poole, in England, Dr. Silvester Gardiner, formerly of Boston, aged 80, to Miss Catharine Goldthwait, of 28, daughter of Thomas Goldthwait, Esq; late of Penobscot, in New-England. Mr. Goldthwait had a son of 24, not long since, married to the widow Primate, of Walthamlowe, aged 70, so that the father can say what few people can boast of, that he has a son-in-law and a daughter-in-law, both of whom are several years older than himself, he being only 66.

TRENTON, Feb. 21.

On Wednesday night, the 16th instant, broke out of the goal in this place, a certain David Cook, who was confined for stealing; and two other persons, by the names of Samuel Lee and John Hall, who were confined on a charge of stealing sundry articles out of the shops in this town, and who were suspected of being concerned with a knot of villains, who have lately been engaged in robbing and housebreaking in various parts of the country; they had, a few nights before, attempted to burn their way out at the door of the prison, but were detected by the smoke, and were all bolted and chained down to the floor, notwithstanding which they found means to break all their irons, which they left behind them, and by taking up the hearth, dug their way out under the foundation of the house with a short handed spade, which had been privately conveyed to them.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.

On Friday last, the following Address was handed to one of the city Members, with a request that it might be presented to the House.

To the Honorable the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, The Representation of the Merchants and Traders of the City of Philadelphia; by their Committee.

THE merchants and traders, constituents of the committee, having been duly summoned by them to give their sense of the measure, now under consideration of your Honorable House, of emitting a further sum in paper money, have at a very numerous meeting, with an almost perfect unanimity, directed, that a representation be made to your Honorable House of their opinion, that the proposed emission, in proportion to its extent, would, at this time, be prejudicial to the commercial interests of the state, and pray that it may not take effect.

The committee have no intentions to set forth the special reasons on which this opinion is founded, but as all bills are published for the purpose of collecting and comparing the public judgment, the committee esteem it their duty, to submit a few thoughts to the Legislature upon the present subject, of such particular importance to their constituents and so interesting to the community at large.

Money being the grand instrument of commerce, and the measure of value, it is an indispensable condition of it that its own value be determined and known, liable to no other variation than what is occasionally produced by the accidental exchanges between different countries; but which, indeed, has little or no sensible effect upon its value in domestic use.---Gold and silver alone possess this property, and no substitute for them can safely be relied on as a medium of commerce, which has an intrinsic principle of fluctuation, or that cannot at all times be exchanged for gold and silver.

It plainly appears, from the many abortive and ruinous attempts made since the revolution, that Government has it not always in its power to give to paper money this indispensable property of gold and silver, or to make it represent them fully and completely.---Some favorable circumstance or other has ever been wanting to give it the necessary confidence with the people. And accordingly, even when funds are provided for its support seemingly adequate it will unfortunately sink from hand to hand, in all the intermediate stages of its circulation between its issuing from the public treasury and its final redemption, or be locked up as a subject of speculation.

To recover that confidence which is so evidently lost should, the committee apprehend, be a capital object with Government, but it must be despaired of under the present lively impressions of the mischiefs of depreciation. That jealousy and distrust, so fatal in this case, can only be removed by resolutely and steadily abstaining from the cause, for yet a considerable length of time.---An emission at present, they conceive, would but administer to the cause, and greatly procrastinate the accomplishment of this important object, if not defeat the hopes of it altogether.

Few attempts have been made to combat the frequent reasoning of this kind against the proposed emission, but it is sometimes alledged, that where paper is not issued as a legal tender, no injury is done, it being voluntarily taken under a knowledge of all its circumstances. The committee, however, are not able to comprehend the force of this argument; for if loss is necessarily to ensue from it, it matters little whether it proceeds from a mistaken dependence, false calculations, or from force.---It is not in this article, they presume, that men ought to benefit by their superior sagacity and foresight, or to suffer by their weakness and improvidence.

These observations are humbly submitted by the committee to your Honorable House, with the prayer of the merchants and traders of this city, that the proposed measure of a further emission of paper money may not take effect.

GEORGE CLYMER, TENCH COXE,
MORDECAI LEWIS, CLEMENT BIDDLE,
JOHN WILCOCKS, JOHN M. NESBITT,
SAMUEL HOWELL, THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JOHN NIXON, JOHN ROSS,
RICHARD WELLS, I. HAZLEHURST,

Committee of the Merchants and Traders.

* * * The PUBLIC CREDITORS of the City and Liberties of Philadelphia, are desired to meet at the Hall in the University, at two o'clock, this Afternoon.

A MESSAGE from the PRESIDENT and the SUPREME EXECUTIVE COUNCIL to the GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

GENTLEMEN,
THE Commissioners on the part of this commonwealth, and of the state of Virginia, having determined by astronomical observation the extent of five degrees of longitude west from the river Delaware, in the latitude of Mason's and Dixon's line, and having run and marked the continuation of that line to the termination of the said five degrees---and our Commissioners having reported their proceedings to your Honorable House as well as to us, we have no other information to offer on that subject, except an accurate draft of the said continuation, completing the southern boundary of Pennsylvania, which we now have the pleasure of inclosing.

JOHN DICKINSON.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Philadelphia, Feb. 16, 1785.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Germantown, to his friend in East Jersey, dated Germantown, February 26, 1785.

"I received yours dated the 9th ult. but cannot give you much encouragement in your pursuit. I have endeavoured to find out a place to suit your business, but have not as yet succeeded. Indeed, I am of opinion you are best where you are, as I cannot recommend this place to you. The spirit of faction runs high here. Here is doing and undoing, and, in short, retrograde movements are so common, that nothing is stable. But a week or two ago, there was a meeting of persons delegated to represent the townships of this county held here, in order to transact some public business; but some of the delegates from this place, taking a late precedent for a rule, left their brethren of the committee, who notwithstanding proceeded to business, and formed a remonstrance against the funding bill, which I apprehend you have seen, as also the proceedings of the said meeting, as I know you used to take the Pennsylvania Gazette, in which I believe they were published. But the same gentlemen who left the committee, a few days after, called a township meeting, when about thirty or forty met, where the remonstrance was read and approved of in general, except the fifth article, which was by a majority of that meeting disapproved and struck out, it being objected to as a door to let all the Tories in, who would in a short time have the government in their hands. However, there were some dissentients; and now they are both handed about, and I believe the original will have more subscribers than the blackened one. For I am of opinion the majority of the people here wish to be once more united.---That is, they wish the test-law to be revived, on terms satisfactory to every moderate whig. I am glad to hear, that on your side the river people are so well reconciled to each other, and I hope to see it so here. The state is now much distracted; but, as there are now in our Assembly men well attached to the constitution, and who acknowledge themselves the servants of the people, I am in hopes they will restore the state to its former vigor, and let every member of the community, deserving of it, enjoy the blessings of a free and happy government."

Extract of a letter from a respectable farmer in York county, dated February 11, 1785.

"A few days ago I saw a publication, which says that it was an intended Address from the Legislature of this state, at their last session, to the citizens. As any villain might write such a piece, and father it in that manner upon the Assembly, it would, perhaps, be too hasty to address them upon it---but if it really be done by the approbation of the majority of the Assembly, I must consider it as villainous a piece as ever came from them.---It excites in me as great a suspicion of base designs, and raises as serious apprehensions concerning the future fate of Pennsylvania, as any thing I have ever seen an Assembly publish. The senseless jargon of bringing matters back to the pure, simple principles of the constitution, might, perhaps, be borne with. Nor would I think so much of the old cant phrases, *early whigs, warm, steady whigs, &c.* for tho' this be perfect arrogance, I am become so much accustomed to hear it, that it does not make much impression on me. But to see an Assembly, under the specious pretence of making provision for the poor and needy, the widow and fatherless, and the soldier, covering a scheme calculated to enrich speculators and plunderers of the needy, is intolerable and truly astonishing. I think we may safely calculate, that there are 20 (perhaps indeed 50) soldiers certificates in the hands of speculators, for one that remains with the original owner---and yet, to assist the poor soldier, we must pay interest upon all these.---And then, to enable the poor to obtain lands in the new purchase, as well as the rich, a plan is laid, which obliges them to pay down £ 30 hard money per hundred, before they can obtain so much as the chance of a right to any land.---I say, *hard money*, for the poor have not certificates. These are in the hands of speculators. I am at a loss which to think is most astonishing in the intended Address---the barefaced villainy of it, or the insult thereby offered to the understanding of the citizens."

Extract of a letter from Harris's Ferry, dated Feb. 23, 1785.

"We hope by this time the bill for dividing our county has taken place, and the county town fixed on. This has agitated us for some months pretty briskly. We know it is impossible to choose an exact central spot; but, from what I can learn, this place (where I have been some days on business) is most likely to give general satisfaction. I wish I could say the same of the other measures now before the Assembly. The messages from the Executive Council to the House (we thank them heartily for them) have but just reached us, and I can assure you they have opened the eyes of every honest, thinking man, and you will have plenty of petitions against both the funding bill and the land bill. Our people say they never will consent to pay such an enormous perpetual tax, purely to enrich a few men who have bought up the certificates for a mere song. They never suspected there was such doings as these, and declare they will turn out every man that is for it. And as to the land law, which is to sell all the back lands at no more than £ 30 per 100 acres, and payable in those depreciated certificates, they say it is a downright squandering of the public treasure. That those lands ought to be sold at public vendue, agreeable to the first law, to the highest bidder, when many of the tracts will bring you £ 200 and £ 300 per 100, and more, if the certificates are but taken in pay. It is reported with great confidence, that some of the Philadelphians have bought them up as low as two shillings in the pound. Now, say our farmers, if these people are to have their choice of the land at £ 30 per 100 in certificates, it will in fact cost them no more than £ 3 per 100, which is less than eight-pence per acre---a very pretty business truly!---No, no. Such things as these must never be allowed. We are not going to fool away our estates at such a rate as that. I don't pretend to understand calculations like you town-folks, but it seems to me that the tax to be raised on the people, only for the purpose of paying the late Proprietor, will amount to more than we shall get by the sale of the lands; and then pray where is the mighty bargain squeezed out of Mr. Penn. The family might as well have kept their estates, and sold them to us as we wanted. I thought we had proposed a good snug contract for ourselves, when we took their estates away. But to be charged with wronging the original Proprietors by forcing the estate out of their possession, and then to lose by it, would be like a fellow's being pilloried for stealing a rotten egg, and then to have the very egg thrown at his head."

"There's another matter you miss it in very much. You have confounded the paper money and the funding bill together. The country want money bad enough, but this very funding bill will be a means of destroying the paper money. The country begin to see that it is all a trick, to obtain their consent to the taxes

for twenty-five years, and so on---and they verily believe that the loan-office part of it was only to chouse them. Let us have a loan-office, and a sum of paper money struck as was formerly done. £30,000 is not above a quarter enough---it ought to be at least £200,000 to accommodate our wants, and there does not need any funds to sink it, or give it a currency. The lands which will be mortgaged will be sufficient security for its redemption. The old loan-office did not make the bills payable in any way but at the loan-office, for the discharge of their annual quotas of the mortgage, and the people received the money as freely and cheerfully as I hope they would now. Those who want to borrow paper money will give it a currency amongst one another, and so it will spread as far and as fast as the nature of the thing will bear. Your giving us only £30,000, we plainly perceive is only, like throwing a tub to the whale, to keep us quiet, and to get hold of the money to pay your own certificate interest. If you designed in good earnest to help us, you would have given us on loan all the paper you propose making. But do not mix it with your funding bill. Our own farms shall be the security, and it shall pass current in the country from hand to hand on its own bottom, without being made-receivable for taxes of any kind. We did not use to do so formerly. When paper money was then issued, it was never receivable by law into the treasury, but for the express tax on which it was funded. If the treasurers took all paper money indiscriminately, it was purely to save trouble to the people, and they afterwards forced it out into the different emmissions. We want money bad enough, but we do not want any kind of paper imposed on the people, but such as will stand on its own foundation. Give us but £200,000 paper on loan, and we ask no other mode of giving it a currency, than the confidence and good opinion of the people in the sufficiency of our plantations---but I say again, do not mix this paper money in your own schemes of obtaining 60 per cent. per annum for your speculations."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Alexandria, to a gentleman in this city, dated January 23, 1785.

"You have, no doubt, heard much said of the great scheme of opening the navigation of the Potomack, and you Philadelphians, I suppose, have been fond to conclude that it would never be more than a matter of amusement;---however, both the assembly of Maryland and Virginia have adopted and confirmed a plan recommended, I believe, by General Washington---Virginia has resolved on extending the navigation in James River as well as this. I would relate to you the heads of the plan, but it is now setting here for the press, and will be out the latter end of this week, when I will transmit it in full.---Thus much I can tell you, a canal is to be cut round the different falls, loches are to be made use of to convey vessels, and there is to be an established toll at three different places for the benefit of the proprietors. There are 500 shares on this river, to be purchased at 400 dollars each. This state, as a small requital for the services of its boasted citizen, has made him a compliment of fifty shares in this, and an hundred in the James river plan at 200 dollars each, so that the whole is equal to 40,000 dollars. It is thought by most people, that the toll upon its first establishment will not be less than twenty per cent. and the General himself believes, that in forty years every share will produce its own sum annually---Now the whole sum thought necessary for the accomplishment of this work amounts only to 200,000 dollars; it has all along been supposed that the collection of it would be the greatest impediment, but it appears clearly to me, that from the ideas the people of this state have of the profit of money laid out in this way, that it would be just as easy to raise one four times as large."

We are sorry to mention the loss of the brig Little Janet, Captain Pollard, belonging to this port. She sailed from Jamaica the 8th of December, bound to Philadelphia, and on her passage got ashore upon Turks-Island, where the vessel was lost, but some part of her cargo being saved, Captain Pollard sold it, and proceeded to Hispaniola, where he took his passage for New-York on board the brig Betsey and Polly, Captain Audenade. They arrived on our coast about four weeks ago, but were unhappily cast away in a severe snow storm at Long Beach, near Egg-Harbour. Captain Pollard, the mate and one of the hands got into the boat, with intent to reach the shore if possible; but the surf running high, and being fearful of the boat oversetting, they soon after got out, and endeavoured to wade ashore. In this two of them succeeded; but the doubly unfortunate Pollard, already worn down by fatigue and cold, had not strength left to combat this difficult and trying scene, but sunk down a victim to the merciless waves. The other two reached dry land, after encountering the greatest perils, but so reduced as scarcely to be able to move.

Extract of a letter from London, dated November 26.

"At length the arrangement for which Mr. Pitt's party in the cabinet have been contending against the Bedford's, for these five months, is concluded. Earl Gower has at length yielded, and yesterday the privy seal was brought to the cabinet by Mr. Nepean, one of the Commissioners, and delivered into the custody of the Noble Earl. Lord Camden is appointed President of the Council, and took his seat accordingly. This arrangement was proposed by Mr. Pitt some months ago, but Earl Gower refused to yield the chair, and Lord Camden would accept of no other place. Mr. Prat was sent over to Ireland to negotiate the matter with the Noble Lord, and his answer was peremptory. The reason of Lord Gower's obstinacy was the desire of that party to introduce Lord Shelburne, which was incompatible with Lord Camden's coming in, as the latter had publicly declared that he never would serve with the former. His having now come into the President's Chair, therefore, is a conclusive proof that the Earl of Shelburne is not to be introduced into the Cabinet. Accordingly the report is, that he is to be made a Marquis, together with Earl Temple, upon which they are to give their support to the system. The Duke of Grafton has also engaged to give his countenance to Ministry, but does not come into office. This new arrangement gives them no positive accession of strength, but the struggle is over, and Mr. Pitt has triumphed in keeping the Earl of Shelburne out without throwing him into the opposite scale, in which, however, he would have been no welcome weight."

It appears by the foreign papers, that although both the Austrians and the Dutch are determined to persist in their own separate interests, they manifest an unwillingness to proceed to extremities, without, at least, doing every thing in their power to avoid them. The Emperor's answer, however, is what must determine the whole; and it is anxiously expected by the States General.---It is rather remarkable that the States General have not provided an ally, unless it be true that France has promised assistance; and it is equally remarkable that the other powers do not seem to interpose as mediators.

++ The stated Meeting of the American Philosophical Society being on FRIDAY Evening next, the Members are requested to attend precisely at Six o'Clock, as Business will be transacted only during one Hour.

One have received the piece signed CATO, and shall be glad of an interview with the Author.

On FRIDAY next, Precisely at NINE o'CLOCK, at the CITY VENDUE STORE, will begin the SALE of a large and general Assortment of MERCHANDIZE. ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

GERMANTOWN, Feb. 19, 1785.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of the township of Germantown, held at the house of Winnard Nice, agreeable to notice given;---John Nice, Esq; in the chair. On motion,

Resolved, That the proceedings of the late county meeting be taken into consideration, which being read,

Resolved, That this meeting approve of said proceedings, excepting the fifth reason, couched in the words following: "Because the imposing a long, nay, a perpetual tax on a government before all parties are reconciled to each other; and therefore binding a large number of its inhabitants, even before they have a chance of reconciliation, is unjust, cruel, unconstitutional, and impolitic;"---On motion,

Resolved That the said reason be erased from our remonstrance: Because we conceive the said fifth reason to be an artful insinuation, conveying ideas of a wish for a repeal of the test laws.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the chairman, and published in the English and German newspapers. JOHN NICE, Chairman.

TO BE SOLD,

Pursuant to the last will and testament of ANN JAMES, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceased,

ABOUT 13 acres of well improved LAND, situate about a mile and a quarter from the south bounds of this city, in the township of Passyunk, fronting the main road, on which are a large two story brick dwelling-house, and kitchen adjoining, a young thriving apple orchard; the buildings in good repair.

Also a LOT of GROUND, in Moyamensing township, fronting the main road aforesaid, about half a mile below South Street. This lot contains four acres and an half and 31 perches, is very suitable for a rope-walk or for pasture ground, having the privilege of a lane, about 12 feet wide, leading to the back end of the lot. Any person inclining to purchase either of the above described places, may know the terms, by applying to the subscribers, who request all those that have any demands against the estate of ANN JAMES, deceased, to bring in their accounts, properly attested, for settlement; and all those indebted to said estate, to pay off their accounts. JOB BACON,) Executors. Feb. 22, 1785. JOSEPH PAGE,)

This DAY is PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by T. DOBSON,

At the NEW BOOK-STORE, in Front-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets, two doors south of Black-Horse Alley.

I. EVELINA, or the history of a Young Lady's entrance into the World, 2 vols. price 12s. handsomely bound in calf, lettered; or 14s. elegantly gilt.

II. Cecilia, or Memoirs of an Heiress, 5 vols. price 1l. 10s. calf lettered, or 1l. 15s. gilt.

III. The Theatre of Education, from the French of the Comtesse de Genlis, with heads 3 vols. price 1l.

IV. A select Collection of the most esteemed Fables including those of Garrick, Foote, Murphy, &c. &c. being fifty six in number, 4 vols. 1l. 4s.

T. Dobson has just imported a very large assortment of the best MODERN BOOKS, in the various branches of literature, in the freest and most elegant bindings. Catalogues to be had GRATIS, at the store.

A L S O,

An assortment of writing-paper of the best quality; quills, ink-powders, wax, wafers, &c. c 2 w.

MILES and MORGAN,

At their store in Second-street, above Arch-street, have on hand, ready for sale,

A QUANTITY of double and single refined loaf sugar of the first quality, lump and Muscovado ditto; likewise sugar-house molasses and Philadelphia made rum.

As they carry on both the sugar refining and distilling business, they flatter themselves that they have it in their power to furnish those articles on advantageous terms to the purchasers. Merchants, city and country shop-keepers, and others, may be supplied with any quantity of the above goods at the shortest notice. Thctf.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

ON SATURDAY, the 12th instant, on the premises, VALUABLE PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, situate in Charlestown township, Chester county, containing 180 acres, be the same more or less; there are about 100 cleared and in good repair, the remainder is exceeding well timbered; bounded by lands of William Moore, Esq; deceased, Edward Lane, Jacob Pennypacker, and others, on the road leading from Philadelphia to Warwick Furnace, and two miles above the Valley Forge. There are erected on the premises, a commodious dwelling-house, a never-failing well of good water, barn, stables, &c. The title is indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises, either before or on the day of sale, when the terms will be made known, and due attendance given, by March 1, 1785. THOMAS ROSSITER, jun.

To be LETT by the Subscriber,

And may be entered upon the first day of April next, A SMALL PLANTATION, on the west side of the river Schuylkill, joining the Middle Ferry, containing 16 acres, suitable for any public business or for a gentleman's family for the summer season; it being in a pleasant situation, commanding a beautiful prospect of the river and of the city of Philadelphia. There is on the premises a two story stone house, with three rooms on a floor, a well of excellent water at the door, a large garden, with a number of fruit trees well potted in, a frame stable and hay loft, and sundry other conveniences. For further information enquire of Joseph Ogden, at the ferry aforesaid, or the subscriber, living in Blockley township, about two miles from the premises. WILLIAM BISPHAM.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Plumsted township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, on the evening of the 16th inst. a servant man, named ALEXANDER HAMILTON KELLY. He is of a small size, marked with the small-pox, has black hair, and fresh complexion, by trade a carpenter, and can work at the building business. He came from Ireland about a year and an half or two years ago, and has a line from the Captain, certifying that he paid for his passage, which he will probably use as a pass. Had on when he went away, a short nankeen coat, old corduroy breeches, speckled stockings, half worn shoes, with pewter or white metal buckles, his jacket not remembered; is very talkative, and given to lying; he wrought some time in and near New-Castle, and also about Philadelphia; appears to be about 22 or 23 years of age; he stole his indenture, and probably will change his name and clothes. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home. paid by JOHN BOYLE. February 18, 1785.

N.B. Any person who may apprehend him, and give information to PETER STEWART, in Third-street, next door to the corner of Market-street, Philadelphia, will oblige the subscriber.

State Lottery Tickets for Sale at the PRINTING OFFICE.

Mathematical and Philosophical Correspondence.

QUESTION II.

A valuable lot of ground in this city was, the other day, sold for as many English Shillings as could be laid on the same, edge to edge: The lot was 20 feet in front, by 40 feet deep, in the form of a right angle parallelogram. Required the amount of this purchase in Pennsylvania currency, supposing each English Shilling an inch in diameter, and the value One Shilling and Eightpence currency.

SOLUTION by R. U.

Right lines, joining the centers of three contiguous shillings, will form an equilateral triangle, each side of which will equal one inch; and the perpendicular height of this triangle, which equals the square root of 75, equal 866, will be the perpendicular distance between the centers of every two contiguous rows of shillings. Now if, from the depth of the lot in inches, viz. 480, you subtract 5, the distance of the centre of the first row from the front of the lot, and divide the remainder by 866, the quotient, 553, will give the number of rows, exclusive of the first; the remainder, being a little more than half an inch, will be sufficient for the distance of the center of the last row from the bottom of the lot. The first row will contain 240 shillings, the second 239, and every two succeeding rows will contain the same number. Hence 277, multiplied by 479, will give 132683, the greatest number of shillings which can be laid on the lot, agreeable to the conditions of the question. These shillings, reduced to Pennsylvania currency, will amount to £11056 18 4.

An ingenious solution of the above question was also received from W. W.

QUESTION VI.

If one end of a bar of iron be made red hot, the heat will proceed but very slowly along the bar, while it remains in the fire; but if the heated end be plunged into cold water, the heat will then pass along the bar with considerable velocity.---Quere, The reason of this remarkable phenomenon?

ONE DOLLAR Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber living on the west side of Second-street, four doors above Market-street, an Apprentice Boy, named RICHARD BUTLER, about 14 years of age, 4 feet 2 or 3 inches high, had short hair; he is a smart boy at figures and his tongue. Had on when he went away, a short fustian coat, blue cloth jacket, corduroy breeches, new stockings and shoes, and a round hat. Whoever brings the said boy to his master, shall have the above reward. Philad. Feb. 20, 1785. JOHN BARTHOLOMEW.

Philadelphia, 2d month 15th. 1785.

WANTED,

As an APPRENTICE to the CURRYING-BUSINESS. A LAD of about 14 or 15 years of age, who can be well recommended for his sobriety and integrity. No other need apply. Enquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD,

THE pleasant situated and well improved FARM, late the property of John McDowell, deceased, in Hamilton Township, Northampton county, state of Pennsylvania, lying on a large creek, 7 miles from where it lets into Delaware river, on the main road leading from Bethlehem, Easton and the Minisinks, 3 miles from Jacob Brinker's saw, merchant and country grist mill, about 5 miles from Colonel Stroud's saw and grist mills, and 2 miles from a German Meeting-house, very convenient to English and German schools: It is an excellent stand for any kind of business or trade, contains 372 acres of deeded LAND, with the allowance thereto belonging, on which there is 50 acres of good plough-land, completely cleared and in good fence, about 40 acres pasture, 100 acres good watered meadow, in the neatest order, and about 500 bearing apple-trees; a number of which are the best kind of grafted fruit, 50 large bearing cherry-trees, a number of peach and plum trees. The remainder of the farm is good timber land of the best soil for meadow, of which there is not an acre untillable; there are on the premises two good dwelling-houses, a Black-Smith's shop, a barn 40 by 70 feet, a stable 26 by 36 feet; the barn and stable have good plank floors, six barracks, besides a number of out-houses. The whole in good order and well fenced, as it has been let out two years for the repairing and clearing. There is a good spring-house, very convenient to the dwelling-houses, also four never-failing springs, very convenient for the Tanner's business, which has been carried on several years past; there is also a good cyder-mill and press; the said farm joins a lime-stone mountain, and each field, meadow and pasture is well furnished with never failing springs. The pleasantness of the situation and good quality of the land is too well known to need any further commendation; the whole will be sold together at any time between this day and the first of April, next. Any person inclining to purchase may, for further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, living in Lower Smithfield township, and county aforesaid, who will give an indisputable title for the same. HANNAH M DOWELL, Administratrix.

N.B. The terms of sale may also be known by applying to John Shaw, living on the premises. Feb. 12, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A FARM of 200 acres, in East Nantmill township, Chester county, near Warwick furnace, about 35 miles from Philadelphia, in the tenure of Michael Smith, about 100 acres has been cleared within ten years; it is good plough land, produces good crops, and plenty of pasture, with the south branch of French creek running through it, and several springs of good water; the rest is well timbered; there is on said place a log dwelling-house and out-houses. The title is good. For terms apply to the subscriber, adjoining the premises. Feb. 15, 1785. BRANSON VAN LEER.

Chester Goal, February 8, 1785. WAS committed to this goal, an Irish Lad, who calls himself MICHAEL WELCH, and says he came with Captain Wilton, from Lisbon; had on a blue coat, blue breeches, yarn stockings, strong shoes, with metal buckles. Likewise a Negro Man, who calls himself MARK, and says he belongs to Peter Hyett, Esq; in New-Castle county, near the Red Lion Tavern.

Their masters, if any they have, are hereby required to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, or they will be discharged in four weeks from the date hereof, on paying their fees. THOMAS TAYLOR, Goalster.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, in the night of the 15th instant, from the subscriber's falling-mill, in Willistown township, Chester county, the following articles, viz. About 12 yards of blanketing and 5 yards of white linsey; all of which was wet and unfinished, and supposed to have been stolen by a certain John Kaiga, an Irishman, who now calls himself John Warson, and has been whipped at Chester for horse-stealing. He is about 5 feet 6 inches high, pock-marked, has black curled hair, and very thick lips. Had on, a short swankin coat, blue trowsers, a check shirt above half blue, an old brown wool hat, and old shoes with straps, and tied with strings. Whoever secures the above goods, and the thief, so that he be brought to conviction, shall be entitled to the above reward; or for the goods only, TWO DOLLARS, and reasonable charges, paid by Feb. 19, 1785. THOMAS SMEDLEY, Faller.

To be SOLD at public SALE,

On the premises, at twelve o'clock, on MONDAY, the 21st day of March next, being the second day of the week, **PLANTATION**, situate in the Falls township, Bucks county, part of the estate of Samuel Rhoads, late of this city, deceased, containing 90 acres, more or less, about 60 of which is cleared, 20 meadow, and the remainder woodland. There are on it a frame house, kitchen, weaver's shop, barn, stables, &c. and about 4 acres of bearing orchard; lately in the tenure of Mary Brown, deceased, now of Samuel Danford.

Also, a **PLANTATION**, near the above, and part of the same estate, containing 170 acres, more or less, about 100 of which is woodland, 18 meadow, and more may be made, the remainder is cleared plough-land. There are on it a log dwelling-house, frame barn, stables, &c. and a number of thriving apple-trees.

Both plantations are within five or six miles of Bristol, about the same distance from Trenton, near the Falls meeting-house, and convenient to a school, mills, stores, &c.

They will be divided into parcels from about 30 to 50 acres each; and the terms of payment, &c. will be made known at the time of sale.

Also, to be SOLD at private SALE,

Several valuable **TRACTS** of unimproved **LAND**, in the county of Bedford. For terms, enquire of

SARAH RHODS, Executrix,
THOMAS FRANKLIN, Executor.

Philadelphia, February 18, 1785. \$4 w.

An Addition to HAGER'S TOWN,

In the State of MARYLAND,

WILL be laid out by the subscriber, and a number of well situated lots will be disposed of at public sale, subject to a Groundrent, on THURSDAY, the 24th day of March next, being in the court week. The Lots adjoining the built part of the said town (some facing a street, the opposite side of which is already built) and are situated on the several streets leading from the Court-House, by way of Frederick-town to Baltimore, by Sheppard's-town and by Watkins's ferry to Winchester, and other parts in Virginia, and by Schwengel's mill to Pittsburg and the westward. These Lots are valuable on account of the advantageous situation of said town, and the extensive trade carried on from it to the western countries, and the upper parts of Maryland and Virginia. Some of these lots begin but one and others two squares from the public square, so that many of them are nearer to the court and market-house, than some other already improved parts of said town.

ALSO will be sold by private sale, one lot near Col. Woll's, and another adjoining the house of Elick Williams, Esq; in said town, each containing 82 feet front and 240 feet in depth.

At the same time will be left, for a term of years, a number of out-lots adjoining the town-lots, of 3 or 4 acres each. The ground is of an excellent quality, and includes a very fine stream of spring-water, by which a Number of them may be watered, and made into the best of timothy meadow.

Likewise some very good stands for store-houses will be left for a term of Years, near to and adjoining the court-house square. For terms apply to the subscriber, in Vine-street, Philadelphia, or from the 18th to the last day of March, at Hager's town.

DANIEL HIESTER, JUN.

N. B. Several Farms will be left, near the above.

Cumberland county, New-Jersey, Feb. 14, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that William Sheckles and Hoskins Blizard, insolvent debtors, now confined for debt in the goal of the county of Cumberland, and state of New-Jersey, intend to apply to the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the benefit of the insolvent act; they therefore desire all their creditors to appear at the Court-house, in Bridge-town, on Tuesday, the 22d day of March next, to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of their estates should not be made to their creditors, and they be released from confinement according to law.

WILLIAM SHECKLES,
HOSKINS BLIZARD.

On the Tenth of March next, at 1 o'clock, agreeable to the last Will and Testament of Jesse Jones, deceased, will be sold, and possession given the First of April,

PLANTATION in Willistown township, Chester county, containing about 130 acres, near two thirds of which is cleared, with a good meadow, and the arable land very natural to pasture. There are on the premises a good stone house, stone barn, and stone spring-house, over an excellent spring of water, convenient to the dwelling house, a good young bearing apple orchard of grafted trees, with a variety of other grafted fruit. Any person inclining to purchase may view the premises, by applying to Jacob Matton, living thereon. The terms of payment, which will be easy to the purchaser, will be made known at the time of sale, by

EZRA JONES) Executors.
ISRAEL JONES)

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of Jesse Jones, deceased, by bonds or notes, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have demands against said estate are desired to furnish the executors with their accounts. Feb. 10, 1785

PURSUANT to an order issued out of the Orphans Court for Chester county, will be sold at public vendue, on the premises, the 15th day of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon. That valuable Plantation or Tract of Land, situate in the township of Springfield, containing 200 acres, whereon are erected, a commodious two story stone house, a convenient kitchen, a large frame barn, stables, a large stone spring-house on an excellent never-failing spring of water, and other convenient out-houses; about 30 acres of the best watered and marsh meadow, a large proportion of woodland, well timbered, and a bearing orchard of the best fruit, the rest fertile arable land, noted for producing great crops of wheat and other grain, as well as pasture; situate ten miles from Philadelphia, one from Springfield Meeting-house, and six from Chester, lays compact, the dwelling-house near the center; bounded by Darby creek, lands of Isaac Maris, Seth Hancock and others; late the estate of Jesse Maris, jun. deceased, and to be sold by the subscribers, administrators of said estate.

WILLIAM WISHART,
RICHARD RILEY.

Feb. 5, 1785.

N. B. The purchaser, paying one third of the purchase-money down, may have one or two years to pay the remainder in yearly payments, giving security, and paying interest. \$5 w.

TO BE LETT,

And entered on the 10th of March next,

SMALL PLANTATION, situated in Turner's Lane, nearly opposite Mr. Daniel Williams's, very convenient to attend the market, being three miles from the city of Philadelphia. On the said place are a good brick house for a tenant, a large garden, milk-house, barn and stables. For further particulars, enquire of

BUCKRIDGE SIMS, now on the premises.

Also a few loads of exceeding good first crop CLOVER to be sold; and likewise a LOT of GROUND, in Apple-tree Alley, to be left. Enquire as above.

Northern Liberties, February 19, 1785. \$

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On SATURDAY, the 12th March next, at the COFFEE-HOUSE, at 12 o'clock, a Tract of good WOODLAND, CONTAINING 326 acres, situate on a branch of Schuylkill, over the second Mountain, in Brunswick township, Berks county, bounded by lands of Rudolph Epprecht, Edward Biddle, and others; late the estate of John Metzner, and to be sold by Louisa Metzner, Administratrix.

N. B. The said land is patented, and recorded in the office books. \$ ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

IMPORTED

In the last vessels from London, Bristol and Liverpool, and to be SOLD, by

JONATHAN MEREDITH,

At his STORE, in Third-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets,

A general Assortment of well chosen GOODS, Which he will sell at a low advance, for cash or short credit,--- among which are the following ARTICLES, viz.

FLANNELS and baizes of different colours and qualities, blankets, superfine and second broadcloths, superfine double milled drab ditto, superfine forest cloths, shallons, rattinets, durants and tammies, double d-masks of various colours, a great variety of Manchester goods, plain, printed and bordered Marcellis quilting, Imperial ditto, fine corded dimity, India jeans, muslinets, Irish linens, from 2/3 to 6/8 lawns, Scotch thread, mohair and sewing silks, buckrams, pocket handkerchiefs, chinizes, cottons and calicoes, worked, cotton and thread hose, furniture stripes, bed lace, London quality and shoe bindings.

He likewise wishes to inform his old customers, and the public in general, that he has again entered into the Leather Business, and has for sale, at his store above mentioned, all kinds of manufactured Leather as usual; he likewise buys all kinds of tanned Leather, and fells Tanners Oil, &c.

To be SOLD on reasonable terms, the payments made easy to the purchaser, and possession given the first of April next, or exchanged for property in or near this city. That well accustomed TAVERN and FARM, situate at Perkioming Ferry, on the Reading road, now in the tenure of Frederick Roukman.

To be LETT, a FARM of between 2 and 300 acres of land, highly manured, about 11 miles from this city, the situation pleasant and very healthy, the buildings are large and convenient, and in excellent order, as well as the fences; the meadow has produced between 30 and 40 tons a year for several seasons, and the upland remarkable for bringing good crops.

Likewise about 20 LOTS in the city and suburbs to be LETT on Ground-rent. For particulars and terms apply to Jonathan Meredith, as above. Feb. 9, 1785. \$ 8 w.

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

THE TAVERN occupied by Jacob Bennet, being pleasantly situated at the Forks of the roads leading from Philadelphia to Coryell's Ferry, and from Newtown to Doylestown, about 25 miles from Philadelphia; there is on the premises a two story frame house, 27 by 20 feet, with a stone addition 27 by 14 feet, barn, stables and sheds, convenient for a tavern or store, containing 8 acres of LAND.

Also another LOT, adjoining the above mentioned roads, at the north east corner, containing 5 acres, with a convenient house, 14 feet by 20.

Likewise, about 70 acres of LAND, adjoining the other lots, with a convenient building for a small family. The whole will be sold separate or together, as may best suit the purchaser. It is unnecessary to give any further description, as the purchasers may view the premises and know the terms, by applying to the subscriber in Philadelphia. THOMAS ALLIBONE.

N. B. Any kind of merchandise will be taken in payment, or exchanged for a house in town.

Mount Hope, near Hopewell,

WANTED a number of wood-cutters immediately, where good encouragement will be given, and ready money paid for cord-wood cutting, by applying to the manager at Mount Hope above-mentioned.

N. B. Early in the spring will be also wanted at said place, a number of colliers, carpenters, wagners and labouring hands, who will likewise meet with great encouragement from

Jan. 29, 1785. \$ 4 w. PETER GRUBB, sen.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, in the night of the 8th ult. from the subscriber, in West Fallowfield township, Chester county, a servant Man named JOHN DONNALLY, about 5 feet, 7 or 8 inches high, 26 or 27 years old, short black hair, squint look, thin visage, hollow cheeks, has a halt in his walk, one thigh smaller than the other; had on a ght blue coat, regimental fashion, the buttons taken off, a light coloured jacket edged with red, blue breeches and stockings, ribbed, his shoes new soled, with copper buckles, took with him, a light coloured great coat, with wooden buttons on the breast and sleeves, a pale blue jacket, half worn, with metal buttons on the breast, and a linen jacket striped with orange colour, a flax linen shirt, a woollen hat and his name on the lining, a pocket handkerchief stamped with blue dots; it is supposed he has got a pass; he is a Weaver by trade. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by

JAMES BLACK.

Philadelphia, February 7, 1785.

ALL persons indebted to JONATHAN BROWNE, late of this city, merchant, deceased, are hereby requested to pay their respective balances to the subscriber, legally empowered to receive the same. All debts not paid before May next, he has positive orders, without respect to persons, to put their bonds, notes and accounts into the hands of an Attorney at Law to recover.

ANDREW BUNNAY, Attorney in Fact to
ELIZABETH BROWNE, Executrix.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on the first of May next, **A LARGE**, well finished, two story brick DWELLING-HOUSE, four rooms on each floor, and cellar under the whole, with a good kitchen, meat-house, stable, chair and other convenient out-houses, and a garden.

Also adjoining the house, a well accustomed TANYARD, with all necessary buildings for carrying on the tanning and currying business in the best manner, with a shoemaker's and saddler's shop. This place would be a good stand for a store, being situated on the main street, in George-Town, on the river Sassafras, Kent county, Maryland. It is a high, healthy situation, commanding an extensive and beautiful view of the river. The dwelling-house and tanyard will be left together or separate, and for one or a term of years, as may suit the person who applies. For further information, enquire of Mr. John Cummings, in Philadelphia; John Wright, in Wilmington; or Margaret Wright, on the premises. \$ Feb. 9, 1785.

TO BE LETT,

THE Farm called SPRING-BROOK, commonly known by the name of DOUGLASS'S TRACT, situated on the river Delaware, and joining the flourishing town of Lambertown, about half a mile from Trenton, containing about 120 acres cleared land beside woodland, with the dwelling-house, barn, stables and coachhouse, and a small house joining Lambertown; the situation beautiful; a fine prospect of the river up and down; very large handsome garden, in good order, the houses all in good order, and the dwelling-houses newly repaired, and neatly finished in the inside, with a good kitchen, and every convenience fit for a gentleman or farmer --- a good meadow, and the upland in good heart, the soil suitable for all kinds of grain: The tenant may have possession the first of April, 1785. For terms apply to Mr. Abraham Hunt, or Mr. George Davis, in Trenton, Mr. George Campbell, in Philadelphia, or to Mr. John Mitchell, at the Farmhouse, who will agree with any gentleman or farmer who may want the same. t b c.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On the 28th day of March next, on the premises, if not sold before at private sale,

THAT elegant and commodious GLASS-HOUSE, for manufacturing all sorts of flint and other glass, erected by and formerly belonging to Henry William Steigel and Company, situate and being in the town of Manheim, in the county of Lancaster, and state of Pennsylvania, within ten miles of the borough of Lancaster, with all the store-houses, out-houses, sheds and other buildings, and the implements and utensils thereto belonging, and about five acres of land whereon the same is erected and standing; lying in the neighbourhood of a country abounding with timber and firewood, which can be procured upon very reasonable terms for the purpose of carrying on the manufactory.

And at the same time will be sold, about 80 acres of extraordinary good LAND, adjoining to and lying near the town of Manheim aforesaid, between 20 and 30 acres thereof is woodland, well timbered, being divided in several lots, which will be sold together or separate, as may best suit the purchaser.

And also several valuable Lots or Pieces of Ground and Messuages or Dwelling-Houses, situate in the town of Manheim aforesaid, in public parts of the town.

Any person or persons inclining to view the premises, or know the terms, before the day of sale, will be pleased to apply to Mr. ADAM FONDERAU, in the town of Manheim aforesaid, or to the subscribers, in the borough of Lancaster.

Lancaster, Jan. 14, 1785.

\$ 5 w.

WILLIAM BOWSMAN,
JOHN BOWSMAN,
GABRIEL HEISTER.

BOULTING CLOTHS,

A LARGE and general assortment, lately imported, of superfines, fine, middling and coarse, suitable for bolting every kind of meal, are for sale by the subscribers, at their store on Stamper's wharf, next below the Draw-bridge, or in Spruce-street, near the corner of Third street. Millers and others may be supplied with Bolting Cloths, the best in quality; and, if required, may have proper directions for affixing them on reels, and using them to the greatest advantage. Those who buy in quantities will have a reasonable allowance made to them.

Quarry Stone & White-Oak Timber.

They have also for sale, a quantity of good Quarry Stone and a parcel of White-Oak Timber, hewed to different sizes and lengths, on navigable water, near Bordentown, New-Jersey, from whence the stone may be carried in flats, and the timber floated in rafts at a small expence.

They have likewise MILLSTONES of different sorts, one sett of saw-mill irons, and grist-mill irons of several kinds, to dispose of on reasonable terms. Apply to NATHANIEL LEWIS, at Mount-Holly, or as above, to ROBERT LEWIS, and Sons. Philadelphia, October 26, 1784. \$ 3 m.

A SLEIGH & HORSES STOLE,

ON Thursday night, the 3d instant, from John Heffer's tavern, one mile above Germantown; the sleigh is new, made of pine boards, white oak runners, turns high, and meets to a turned top; a black horse, 5 years old, last gra's, 14 hands high, a lump on his withers the size of a walnut, a little high backed, one hind foot a little white, carries low, a natural trotter, old shoes and a short dock; a sorrel mare, 9 years old, 14 hands high, a small snip on her nose, a natural pacer, carries tolerable well, rough shod. There were on the creatures leather collars, white oak haims, black leather blind halters sewed with thread, iron traces, one pair with hooks, the other with tees; and in the sleigh there was a blue and white coverlid, with small diamonds, and a butter-box, with 8 pounds of butter. From circumstances I have reason to believe they were taken towards Philadelphia. Any person apprehending and securing the horses, geers and sleigh, so that the owner may have them again, and the thief brought to justice, on conviction, shall receive SIX POUNDS Reward, or for the horses, sleigh and geers, THREE POUNDS, or in proportion for any part, paid by

HENRY RITTENHOUSE.

Gwynedd township, Montgomery county, Feb. 9, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT in Burlington, pleasantly situated, with a view of the river in front, 139 feet on Pearl-street, and 104 feet deep; a piazza back of the house, with a pleasant view of a neat garden. The house is brick, two stories high, four rooms on a floor, large and commodious, a pump in a well of good water under a shed near the kitchen door; the kitchen good, and the whole lately covered, with cellars under all; a stable and chaise-house. Apply to JOHN COX, jun. in Burlington, or JOHN SITGREAVES, in Philadelphia. 2 m.

York county, Manchester township, Jan. 29, 1785.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation on the 26th day of April last, a dark bay MARE, about 13 hands high, with a bald face, has neither brand nor ear-mark, a natural trotter; at the same time a black HORSE COLT came with her. The owner or owners thereof are desired to come, prove their property, pay the charges, and take them away, from

MICHAEL SCHMYSER.

Lower Dublin township, Feb. 7, 1785.

WAS taken up, the 7th ult. a dun coloured MARX COLT, supposed to be rising three years old. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

BENJAMIN ASHTON.

Lampeter township, Lancaster county, February 7, 1785.

CAME to the inclosure of the subscriber, living on ABRAHAM GIBSON's place, on Friday, the 10th of December last, a dark brown GELDING, neither brand nor ear mark, about 14 hands high, paces and trots. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

ALEXANDER LIGGET.